



Dynamical complexity detection in Dst time series using different complexity measures

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Dynamic complexity detection for output time series of complex systems is one of the foremost problems in physics, biology, engineering, and economic sciences. Especially in magnetospheric physics, accurate detection of the dissimilarity between normal and abnormal states (e.g. pre-storm activity and magnetic storms) can vastly improve space weather diagnosis and, consequently, the mitigation of space weather hazards. Herein we study whether certain signatures indicate the transition from pre-storm activity to magnetic storms by analyzing Dst time series with various complexity measures. These measures are based on the concepts of fractal spectral analysis using wavelet transforms and symbolic dynamics analysis.