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Basic components of magnetic variability of the Sun

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## Text of Abstract

• Observations of the large scale magnetic field in the photosphere taken at the

Wilcox Solar Observatory since 1976 up to 2006 have been analyzed to deduce its latitudinal and longitudinal structures,

its differential rotation, and their variability in time.

boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degrees.

- The main results are the following:

   The latitudinal structure of the solar magnetic field with a period of polarity change of 22 years consists of four zones: two sub polar and two pre-equatorial with
- quasi 2-3-year period has been clearly demonstrated.
   North-South asymmetry of solar magnetic field and its short and long term

- The presence of the polarity waves running from the equator to the poles with

- North-South asymmetry of solar magnetic field and its short and long terrivariability in time have been studied.
  - ariability in time have been studied.

    Differential retational rate of the magnetic field and its temporal depends
- Differential rotational rate of the magnetic field and its temporal dependence
- has been evidenced at different latitudes through activity cycles.
   Extremely interesting quasi-stable over 30 years longitudinal structure has been
- found. Its relation to the latitudinal topology of the magnetic field was studied.

   Longitudinal structure in different coordinate systems rotating differentially like
- the photosphere does and with different constant rates were reconstructed.

These results are fundamental for the understanding of the magnetic origin of the solar activity, dynamics, the heliospheric structure and for the prediction of the solar wind and magnetospheric perturbations.